

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

MULTIPLY

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$
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A Church-wide Study in  
Colossians

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

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# A Church-wide Study in Colossians

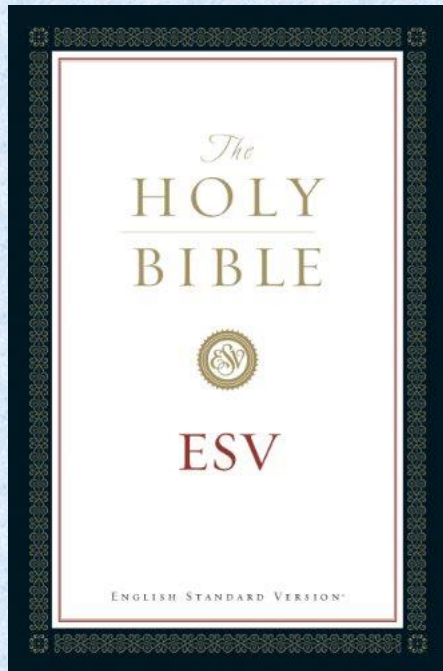
$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

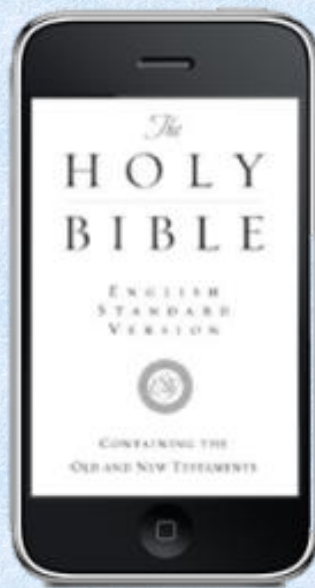
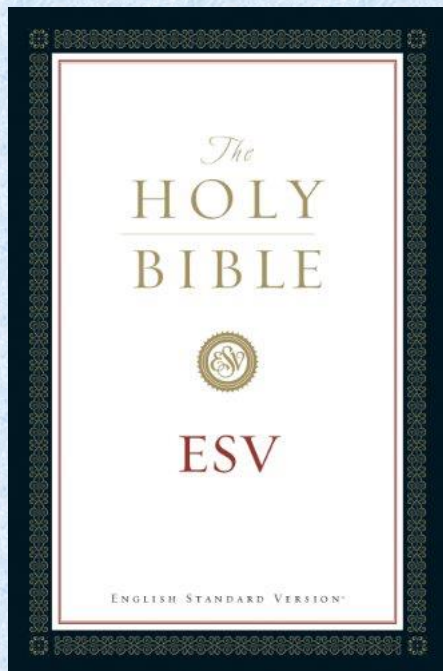
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

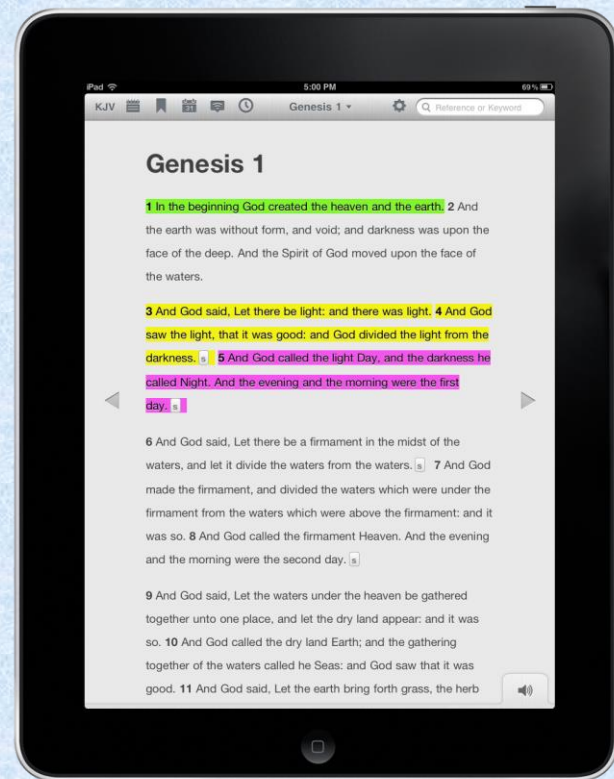
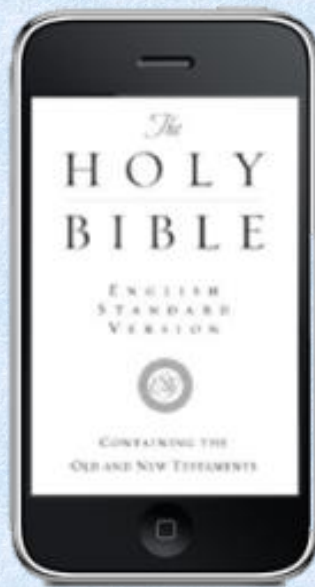
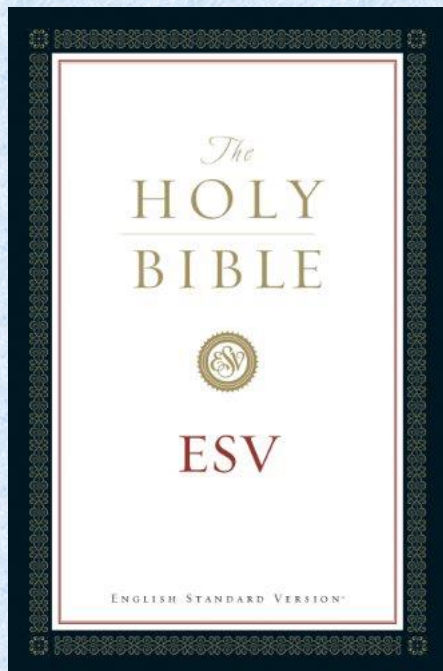
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}$$

**Bring:**

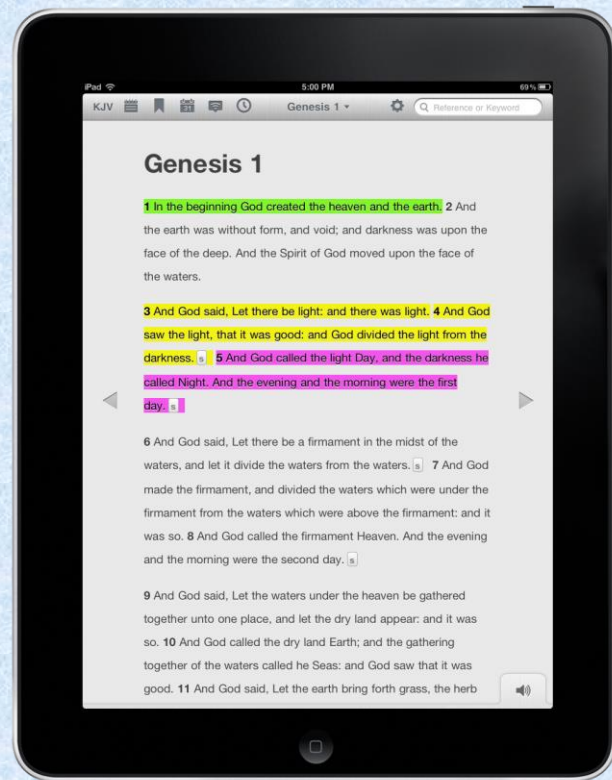
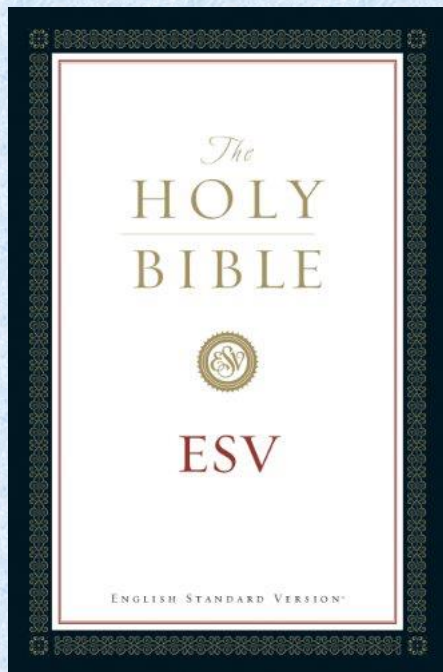
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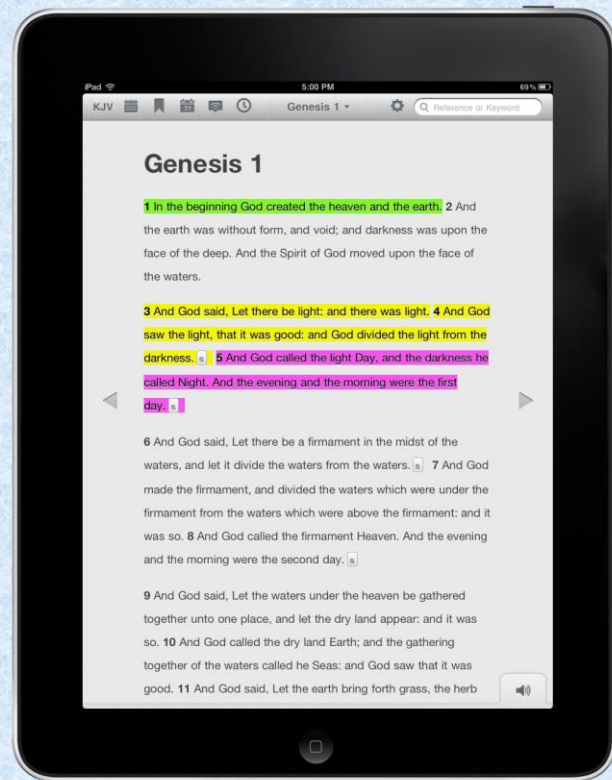
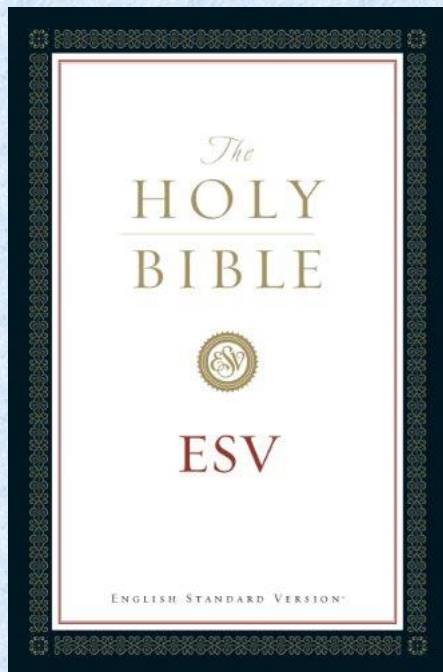
















Rome\*

A topographic map of the Mediterranean region, showing the Italian Peninsula, North Africa, and the Middle East. The Tyrrhenian Sea is located between the Italian Peninsula and North Africa. The word "Rome\*" is written in a dark blue font over the Tyrrhenian Sea, indicating the location of the city of Rome. The map uses color to represent elevation, with green for low-lying areas and brown for higher elevations. The sea is depicted in shades of blue.

Rome\*

Greece





A topographical map of the Mediterranean region, showing the Italian Peninsula, the Balkans, and the Middle East. The map uses color to represent elevation, with green for low-lying areas and brown for higher, more rugged terrain. The sea is depicted in shades of blue. Three locations are marked with text labels: 'Rome\*' in the northwest of the Italian Peninsula, 'Greece' in the central Balkans, and 'Jerusalem\*' in the eastern Mediterranean, near the headwaters of the Jordan and Tiber rivers.

**Rome\***

**Greece**

**Jerusalem\***

**Rome\***

**Greece**

**Jerusalem\***

**TURKEY**





**Rome\***

**Greece**

**Jerusalem\***

**TURKEY**













# Lycos Valley





Lycos  
Valley

Laodicea = Banking Center



Lycos  
Valley

Laodicea = Banking Center

Hierapolis = Medicinal Springs





# Lycos Valley

Laodicea = Banking Center

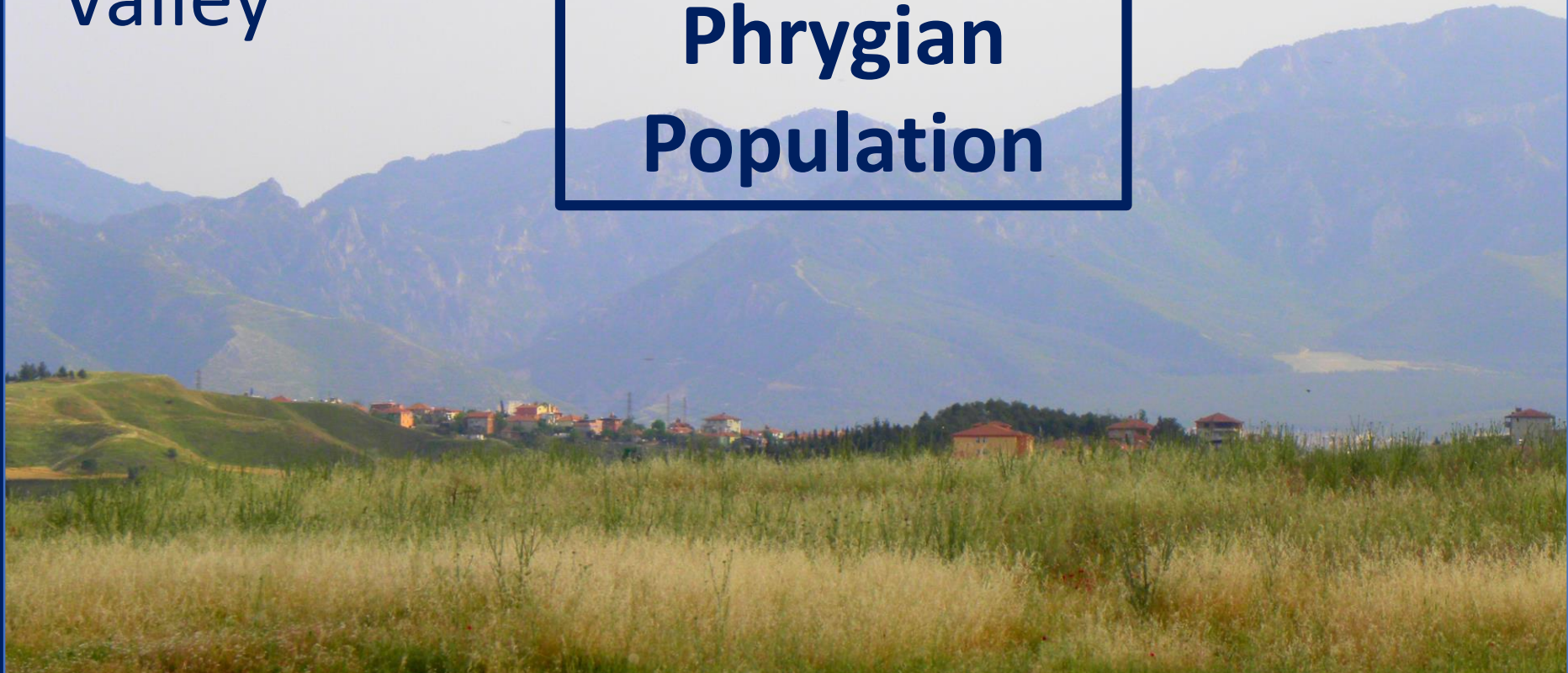
Hierapolis = Medicinal Springs

Colossae = Older, smaller,  
roadside town  
with dying industry



Lycos  
Valley

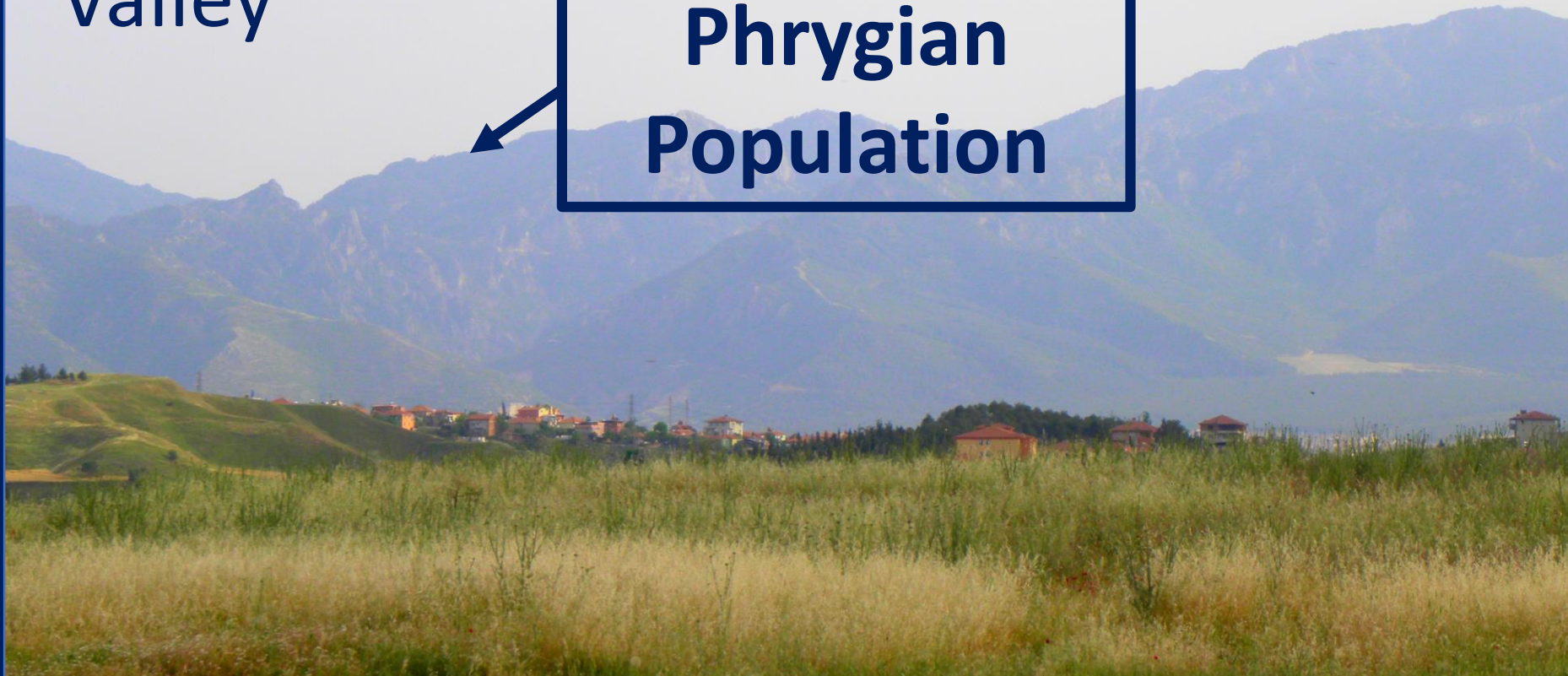
**Phrygian  
Population**





Lycos  
Valley

**Phrygian  
Population**



Lycos  
Valley

Phrygian  
natives

**Phrygian  
Population**





Lycos  
Valley

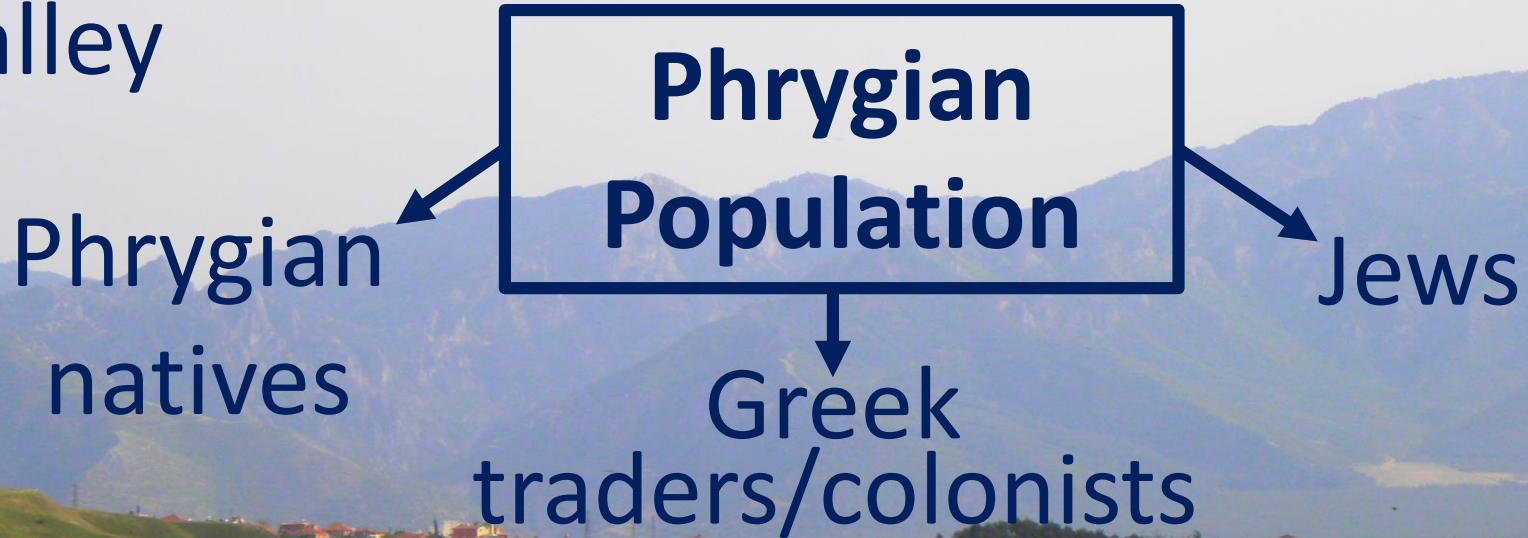
Phrygian  
natives

**Phrygian  
Population**

Greek  
traders/colonists

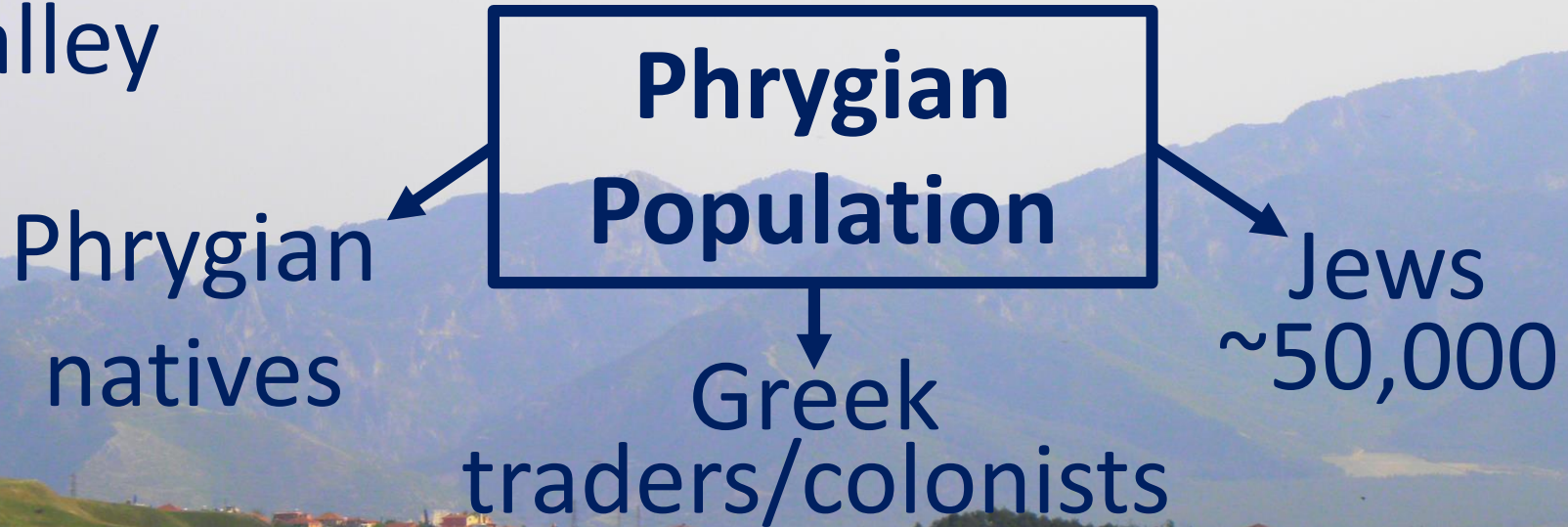


Lycos  
Valley





Lycos  
Valley



# Colossian Church





# Colossian Church

Paul didn't start it



# Colossian Church

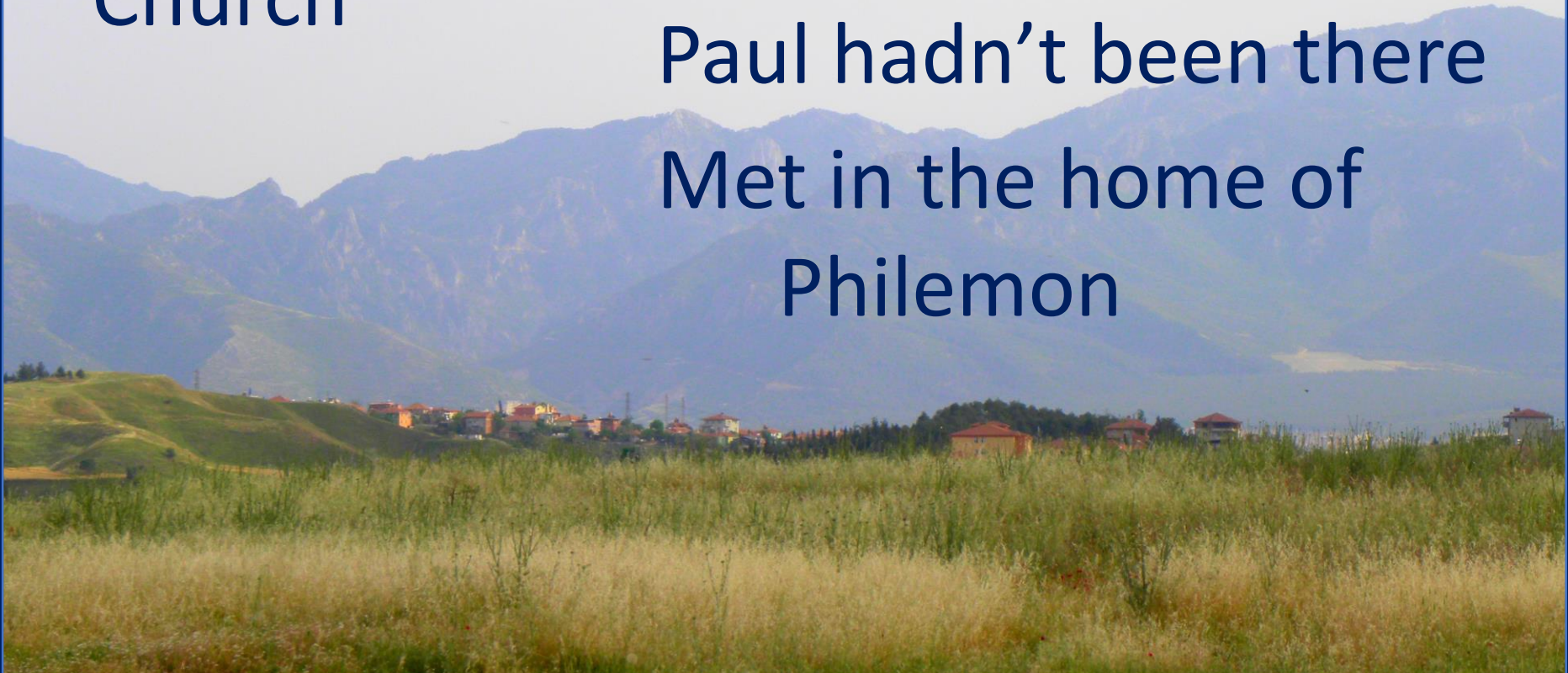
Paul didn't start it  
Paul hadn't been there



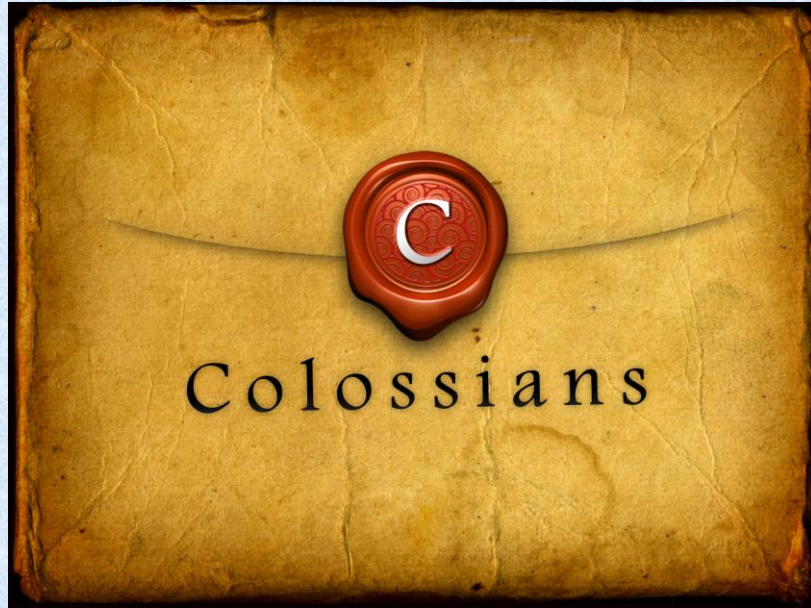


# Colossian Church

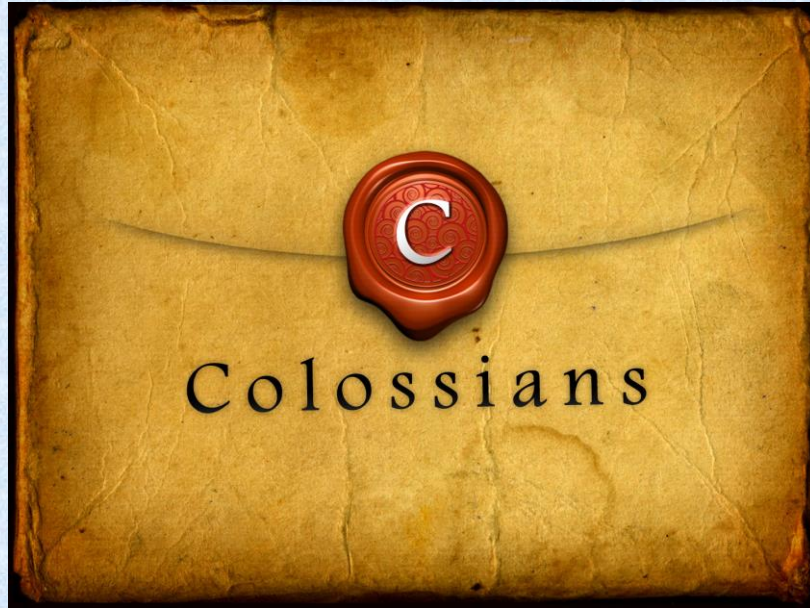
Paul didn't start it  
Paul hadn't been there  
Met in the home of  
Philemon



# Colossian Letter



# Colossian Letter



The letter is  
“Occasional”  
So what was the  
“occasion”?

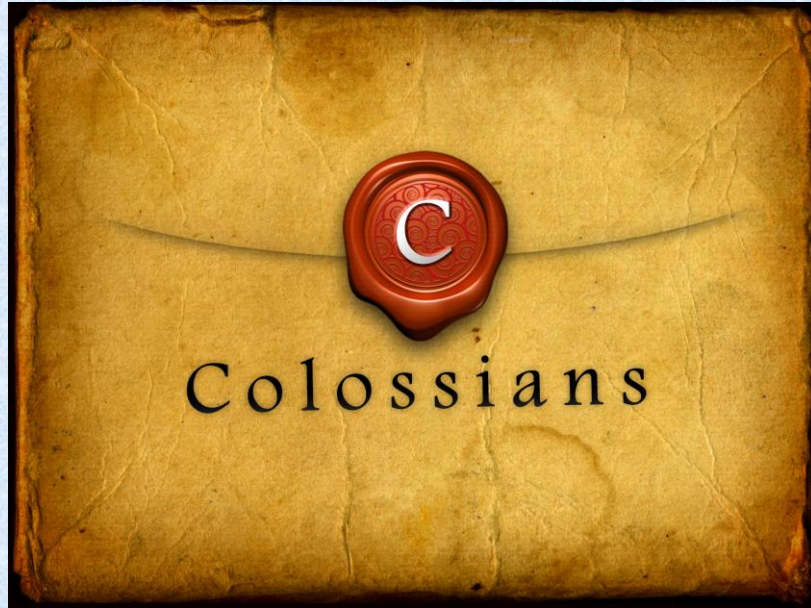




Think of it as a  
one-way phone call

# Colossian Letter

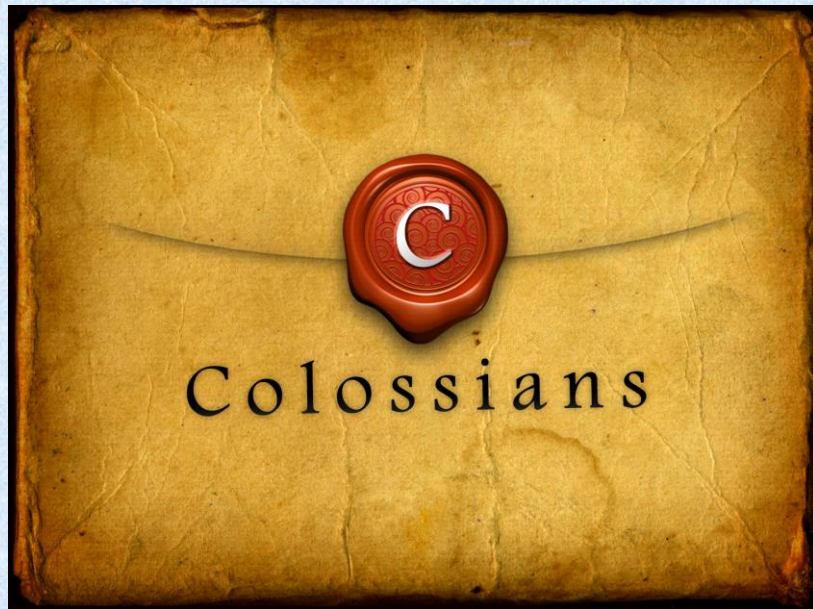
The occasion:



# Colossian Letter

The occasion:

Col. 2:4

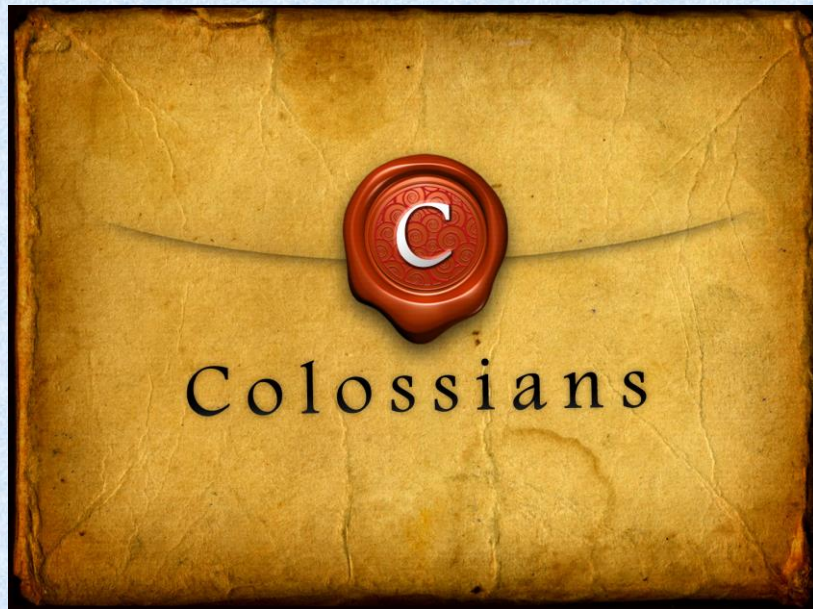


# Colossian Letter

The occasion:

Col. 2:4

Col. 2:8





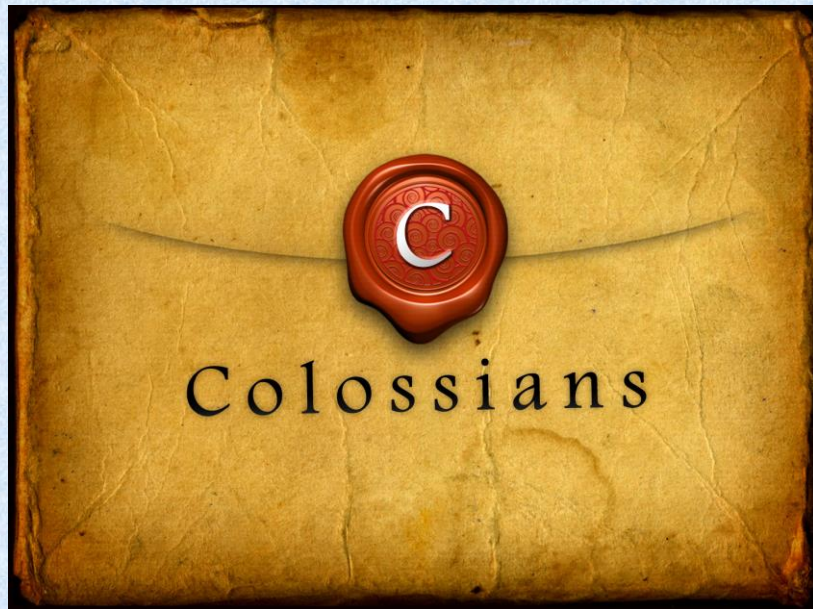
# Colossian Letter

The occasion:

Col. 2:4

Col. 2:8

Col. 2:16





# Colossian Letter

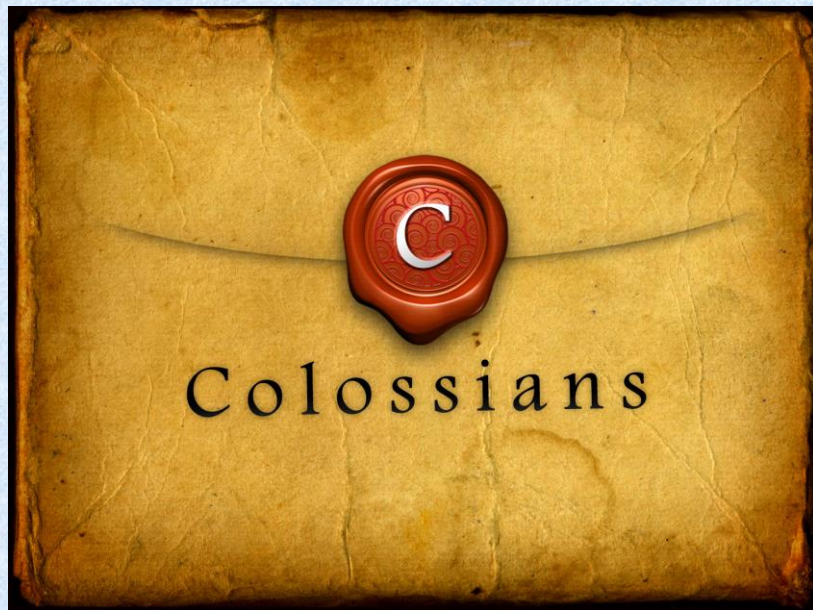
The occasion:

Col. 2:4

Col. 2:8

Col. 2:16

Col. 2:18



# Colossian Letter

The occasion:

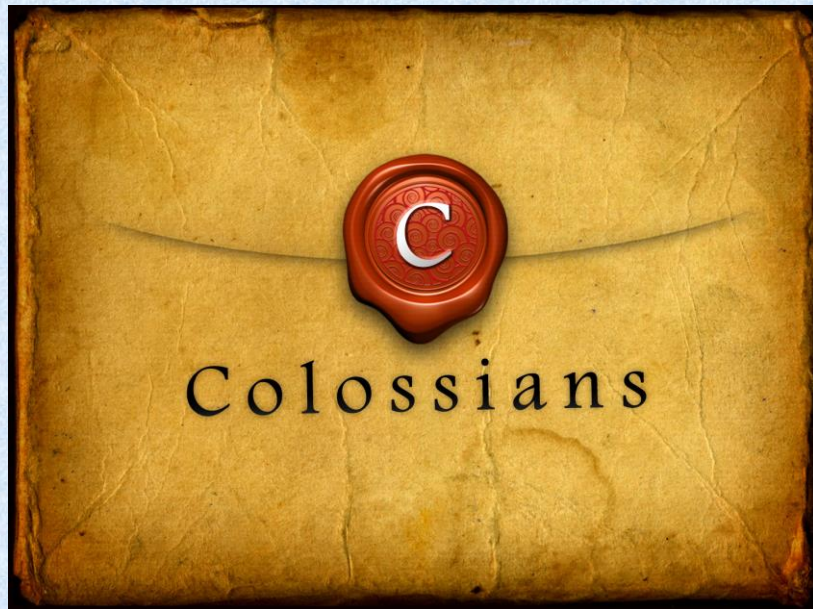
Col. 2:4

Col. 2:8

Col. 2:16

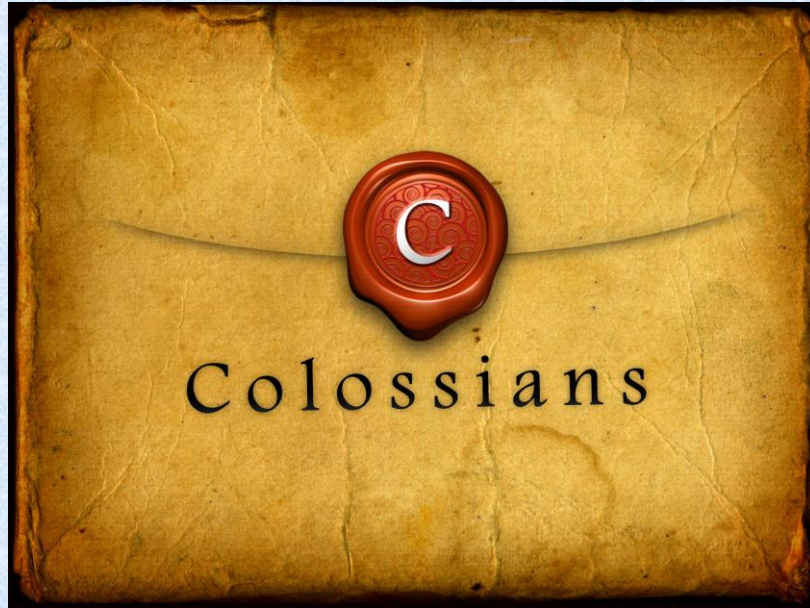
Col. 2:18

Col. 2:20-23



# Colossian Letter

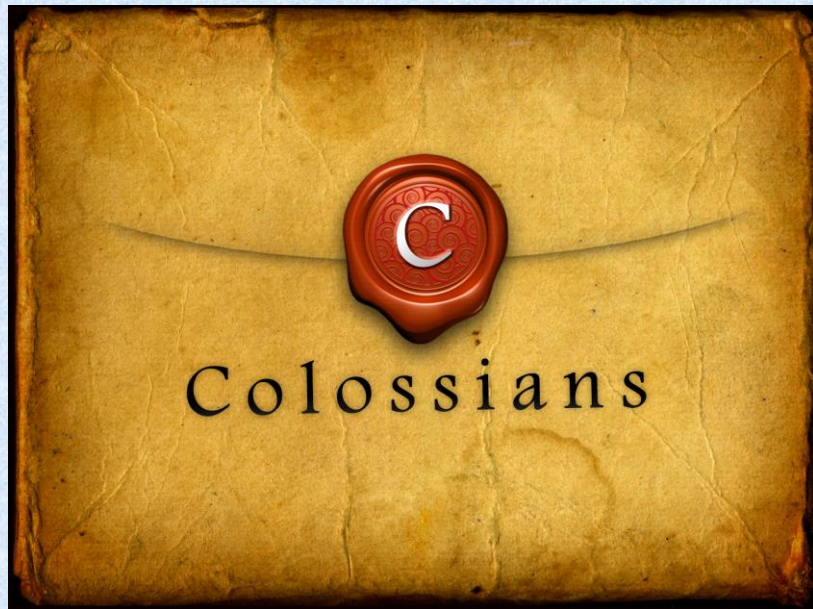
The natural divisions:





# Colossian Letter

The natural divisions:

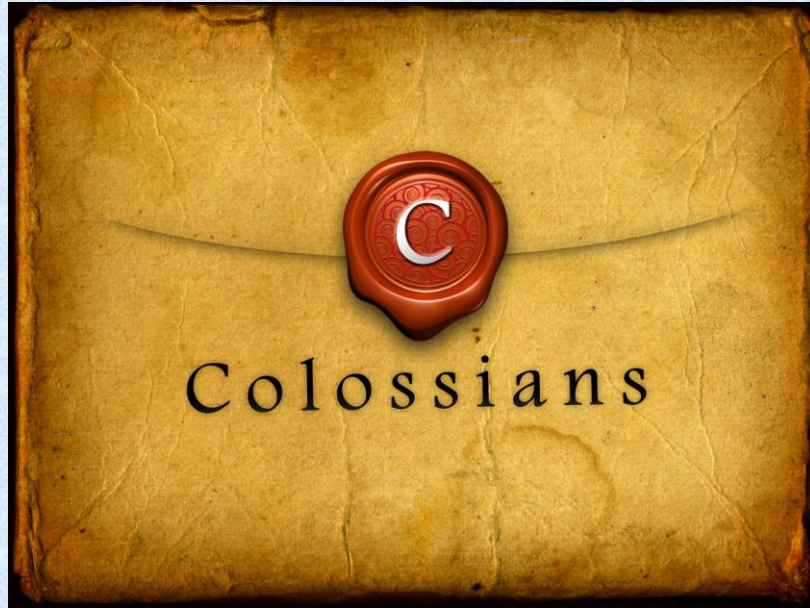


Col. 1:1-2

Intro and greeting

# Colossian Letter

The natural divisions:

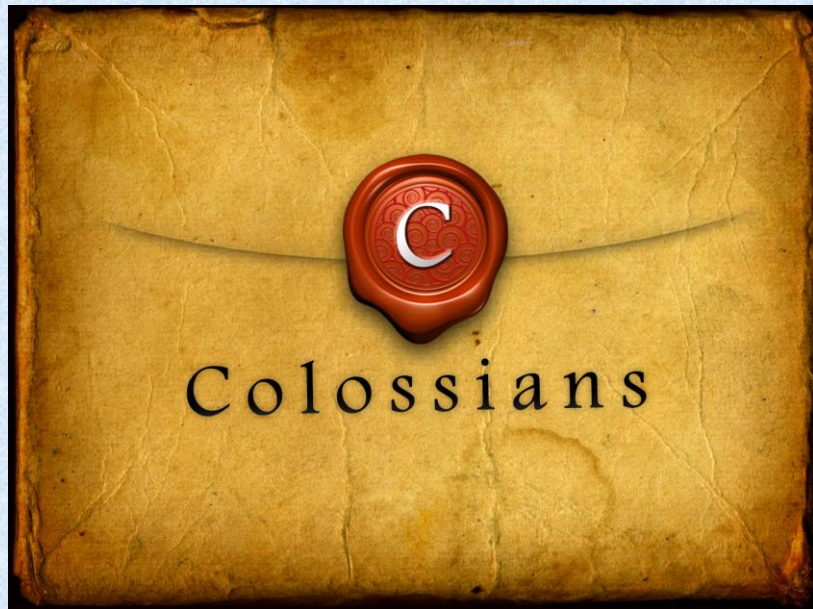


# Colossian Letter

The natural divisions:

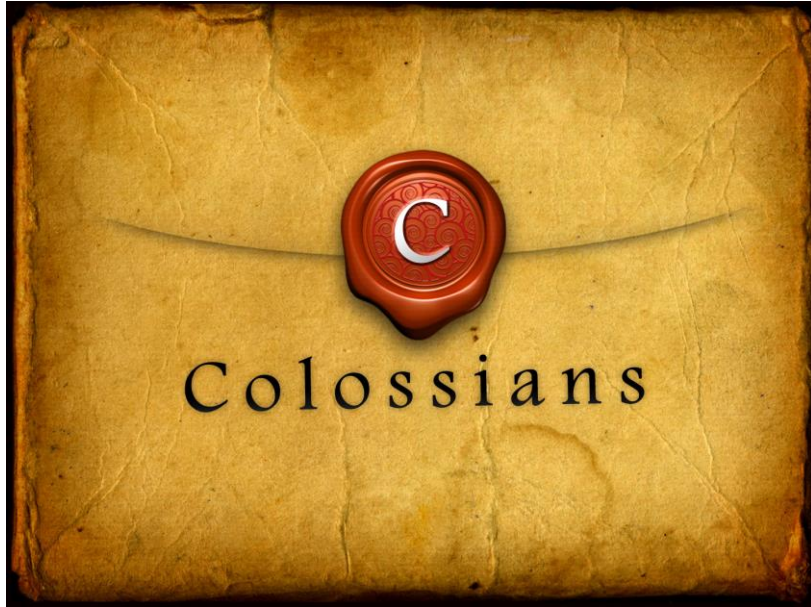
Col. 1:3-14

A pastoral prayer  
with some really  
cool stuff in it!



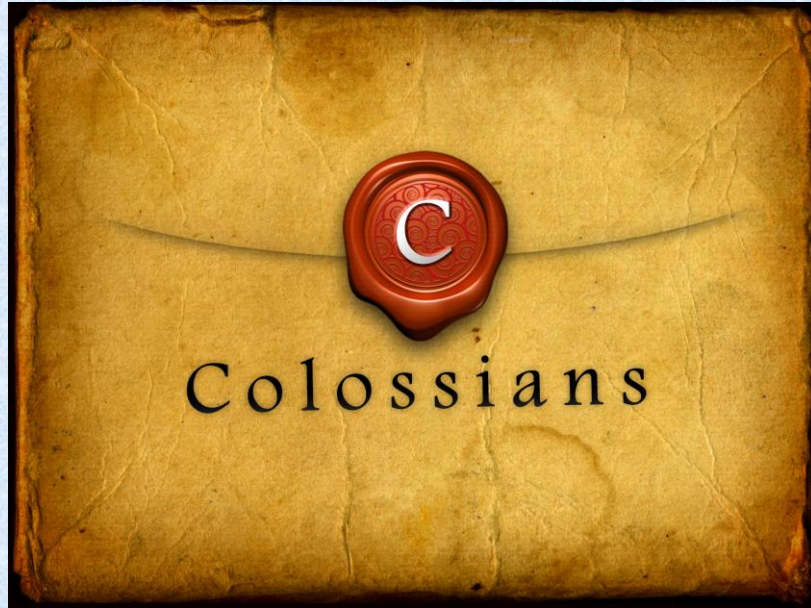


# Colossian Letter



# Colossian Letter

Col. 1:10 -> Gen 1:28 theme



Noah (Gen 9:1)

Abe (17:2, 6)

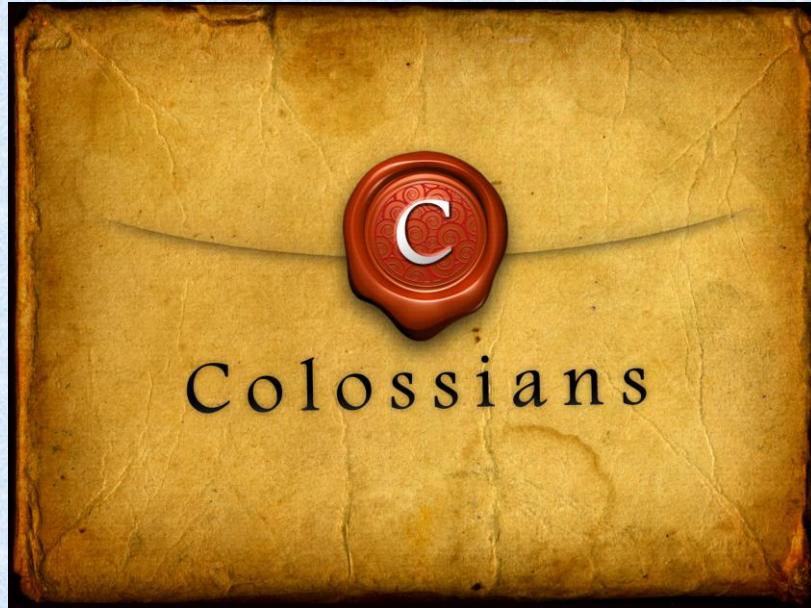
Isaac (26:22, 24)

Jacob (35:11)

Israel (Lev. 26:9)

Messianic age (Is 27:6)

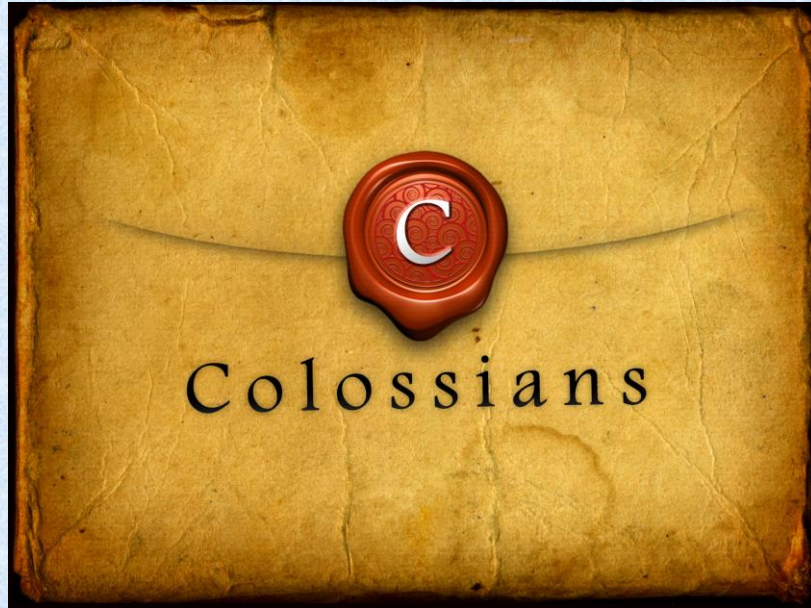
# Colossian Letter





# Colossian Letter

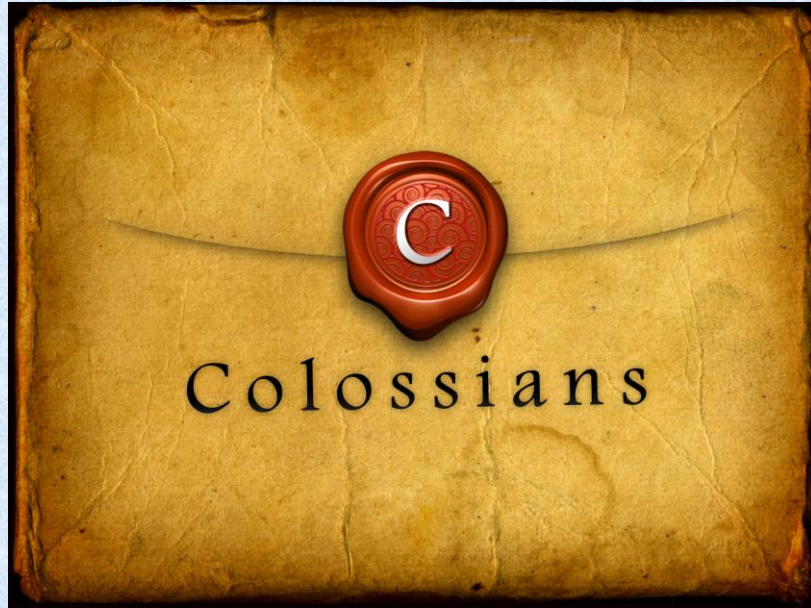
Col. 1:9-10 -> echoes Isa. 11:2,9



The Messiah – Davidic king – endowed with:

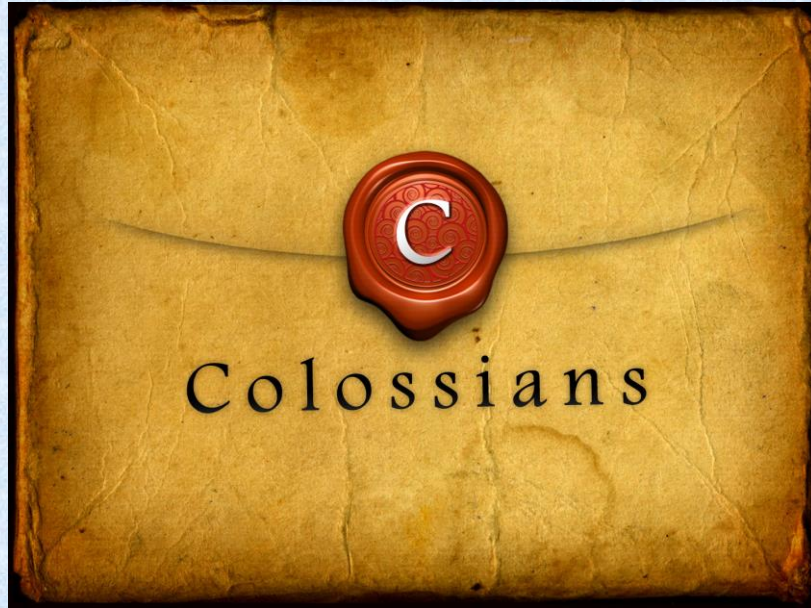
- Spirit of wisdom and understanding
- Spirit of counsel and strength
- Spirit of knowledge and fear of God

# Colossian Letter



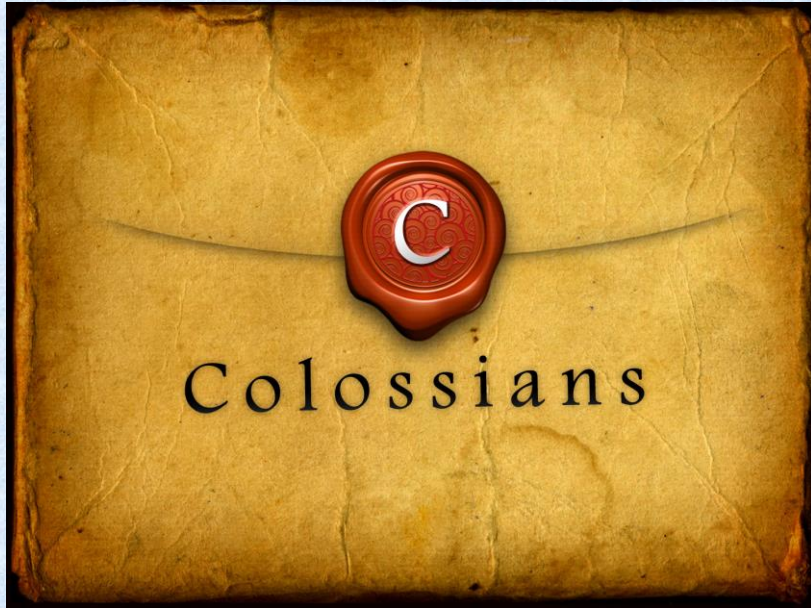
# Colossian Letter

Col. 1:9-14 -> Uses the Exodus  
theme and  
language

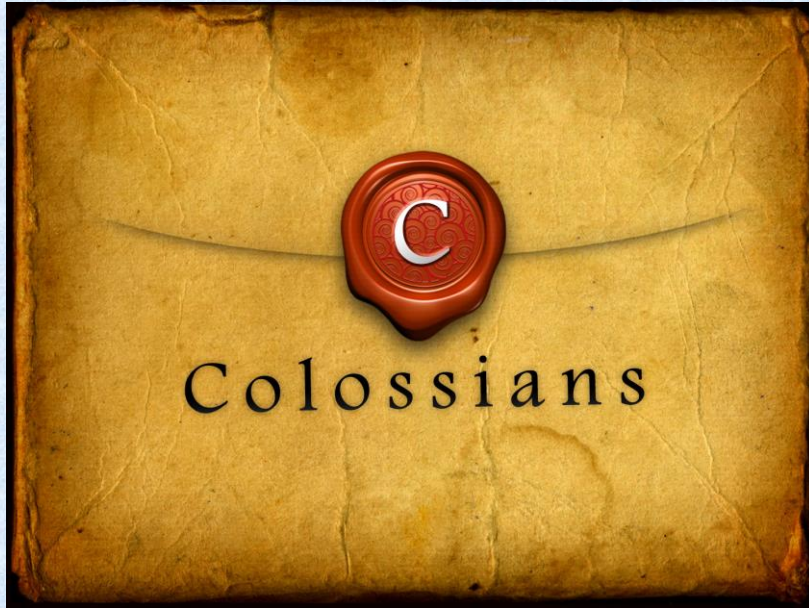




# Points for Home:

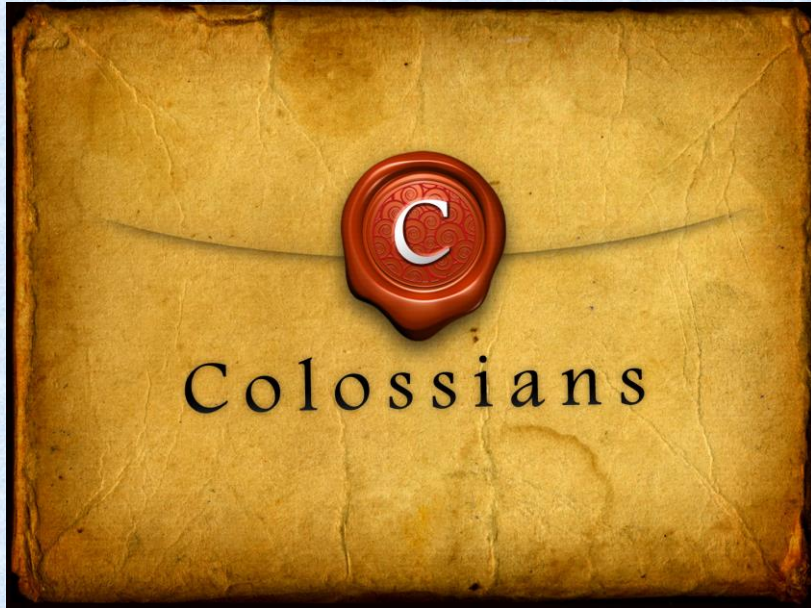


# Points for Home:



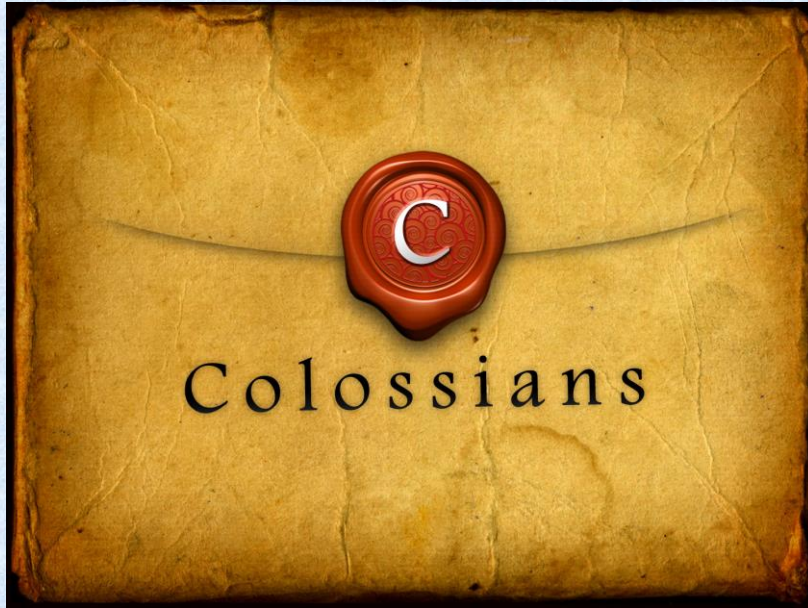
Paul's method of  
praise then  
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# Points for Home:



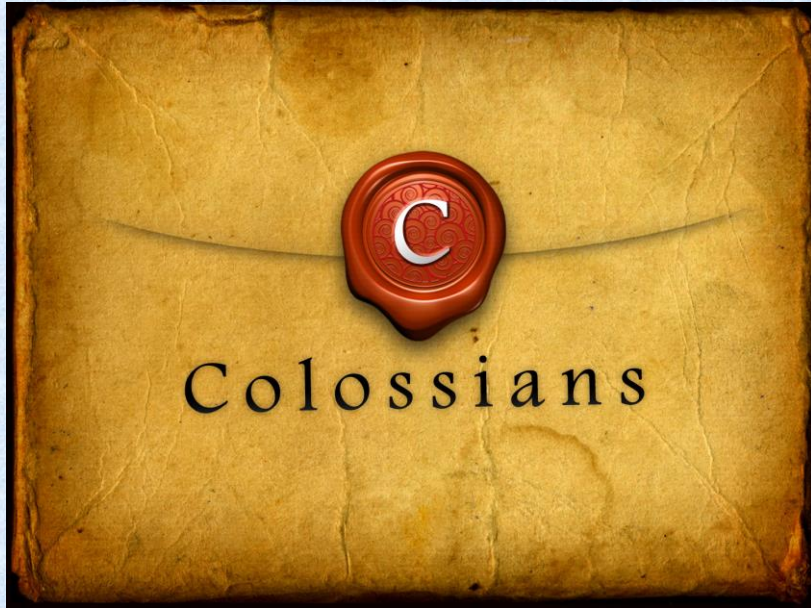


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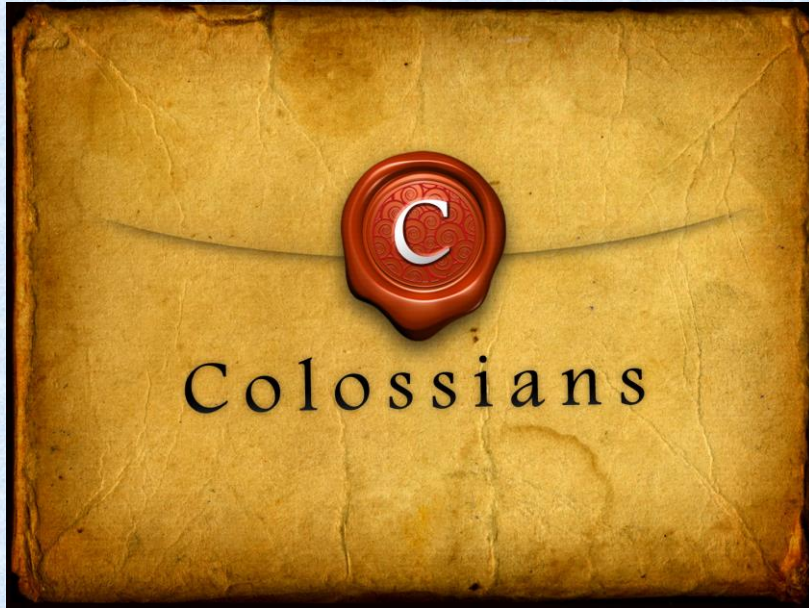


Paul's desire to  
nip evil  
in the bud

# Points for Home:



# Points for Home:



Paul's desire to  
see our growth in  
Christ multiply!



$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

MULTIPLY

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

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MULTIP

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{LY} \\ 5 \times 3 = 15 \end{array}$$

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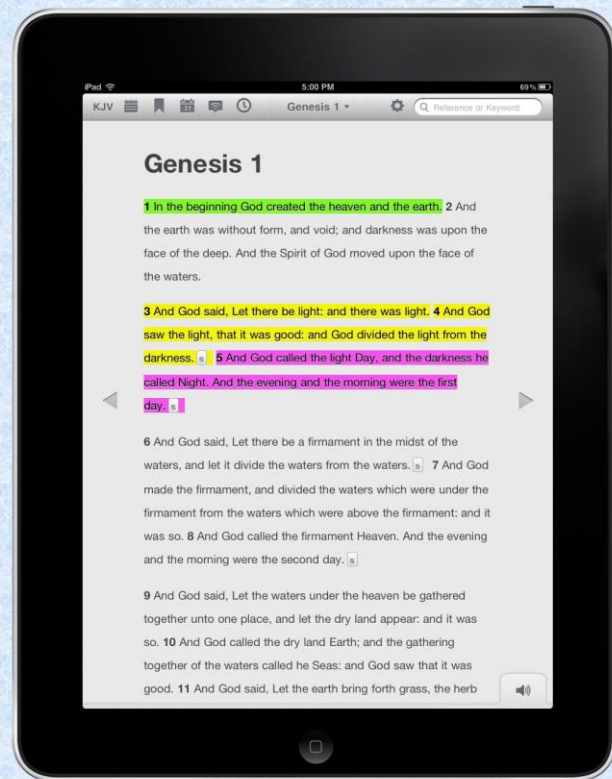
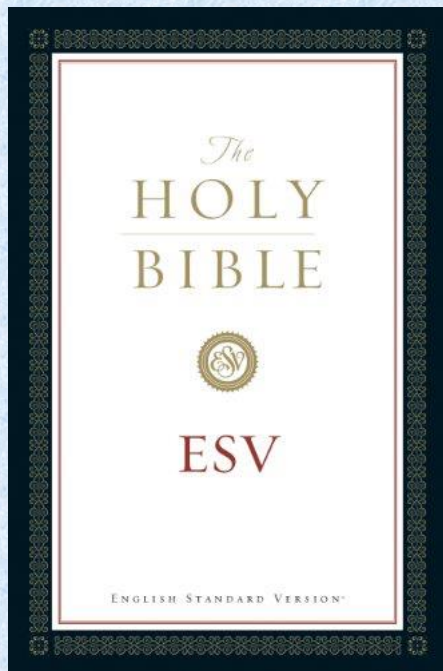
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MULTIP

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}$$

# Bring:



**Rome\***

**Greece**

**Jerusalem\***

**TURKEY**







# Lycos Valley

Laodicea = Banking Center

Hierapolis = Medicinal Springs

Colossae = Older, smaller,  
roadside town  
with dying industry





# Lycos Valley

Laodicea = Banking Center

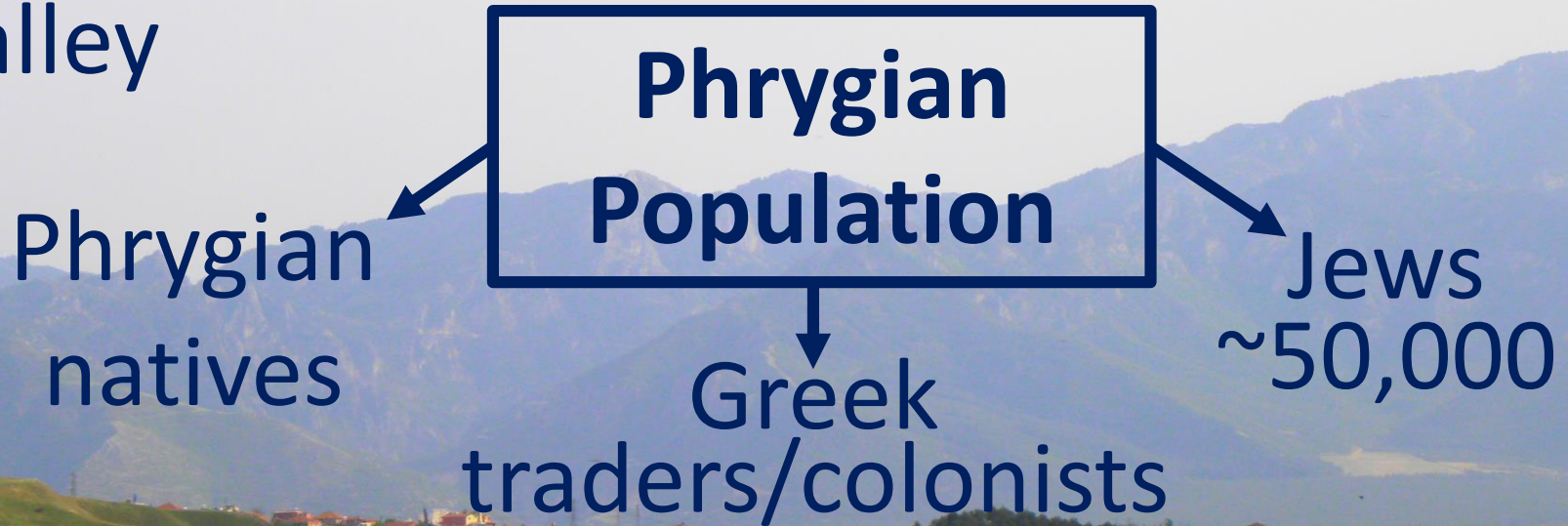
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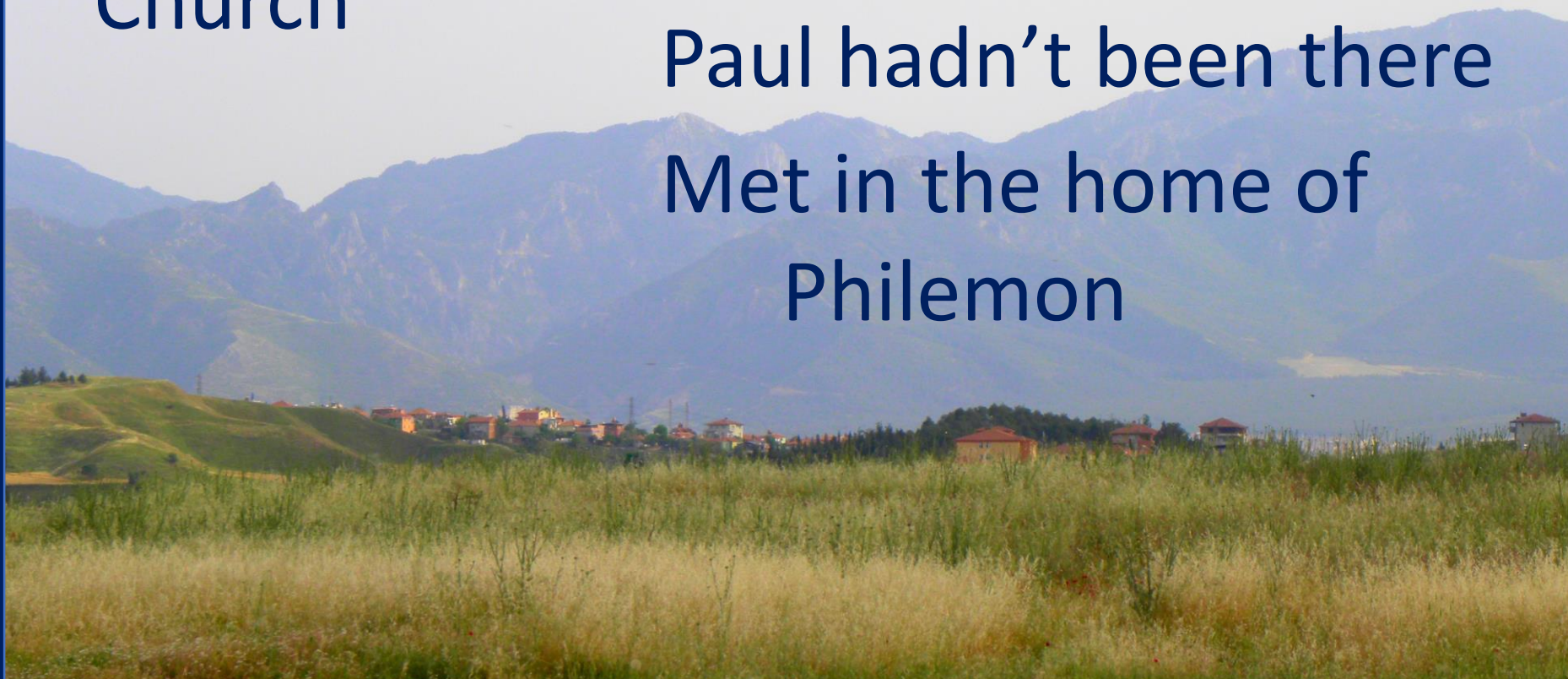


Lycos  
Valley



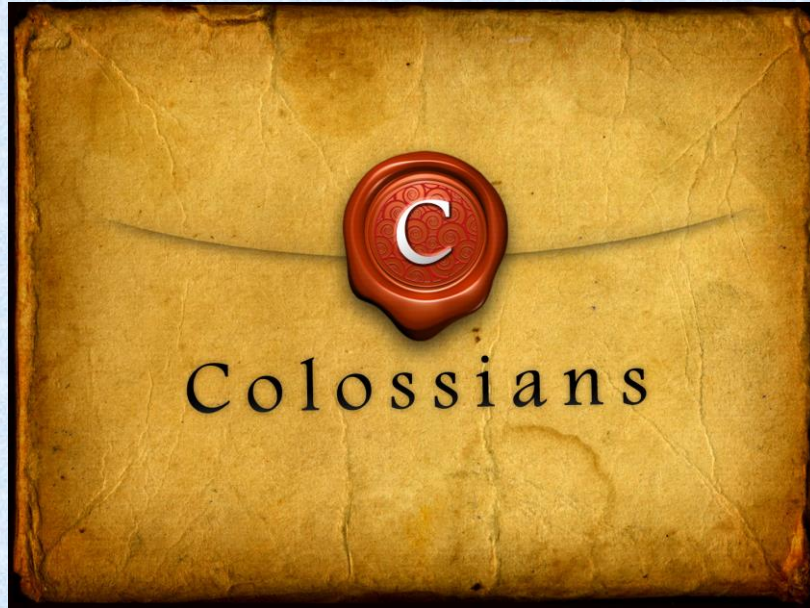
# Colossian Church

Paul didn't start it  
Paul hadn't been there  
Met in the home of  
Philemon





# Colossian Letter



The letter is  
“Occasional”  
So what was the  
“occasion”?





Think of it as a  
one-way phone call

# Colossian Letter

The occasion:

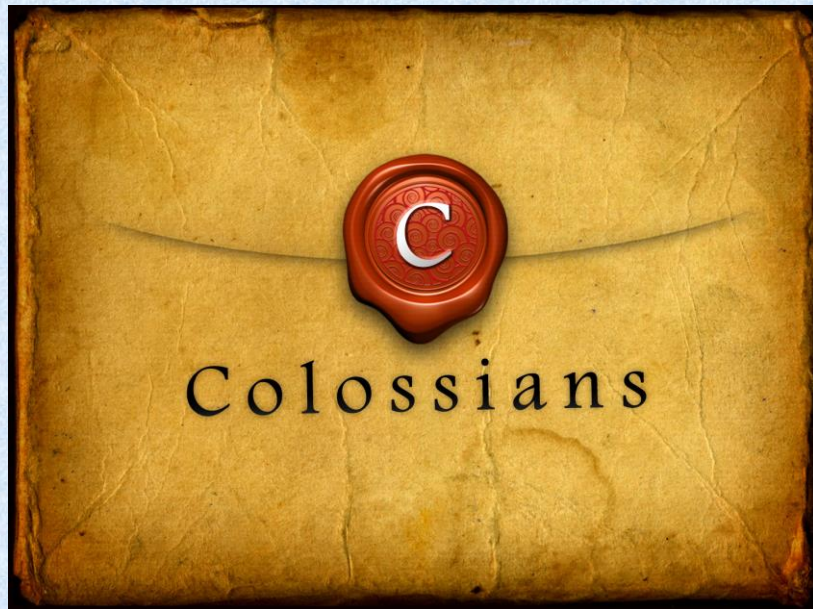
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Col. 2:8

Col. 2:16

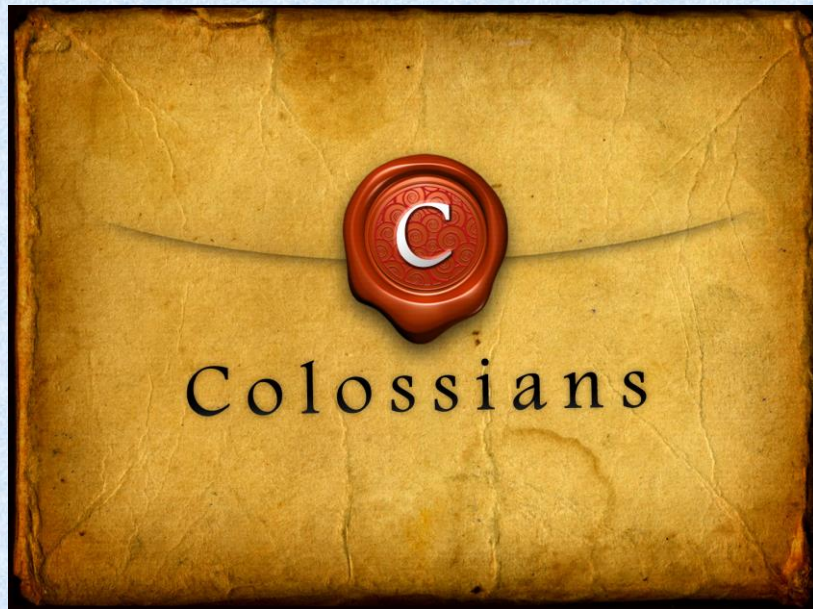
Col. 2:18

Col. 2:20-23



# Colossian Letter

The natural divisions:



Col. 1:1-2

Intro and greeting

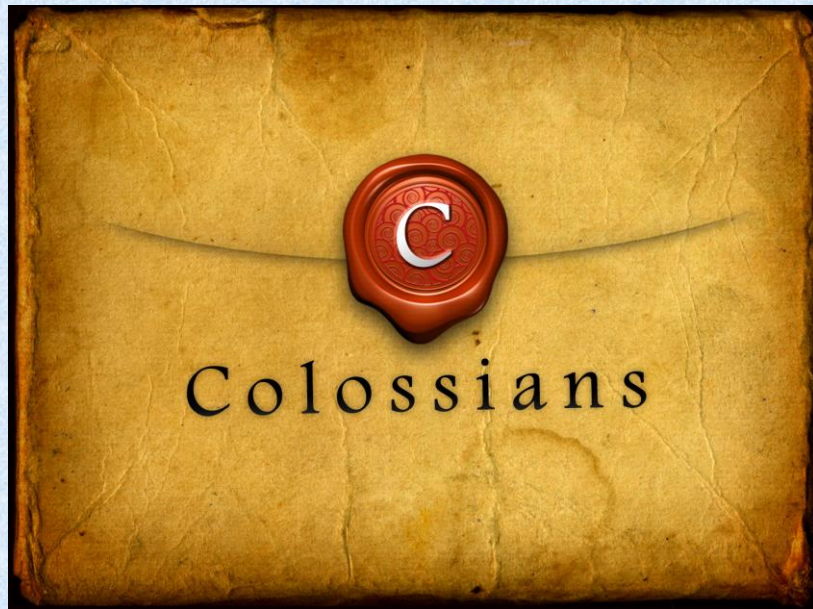


# Colossian Letter

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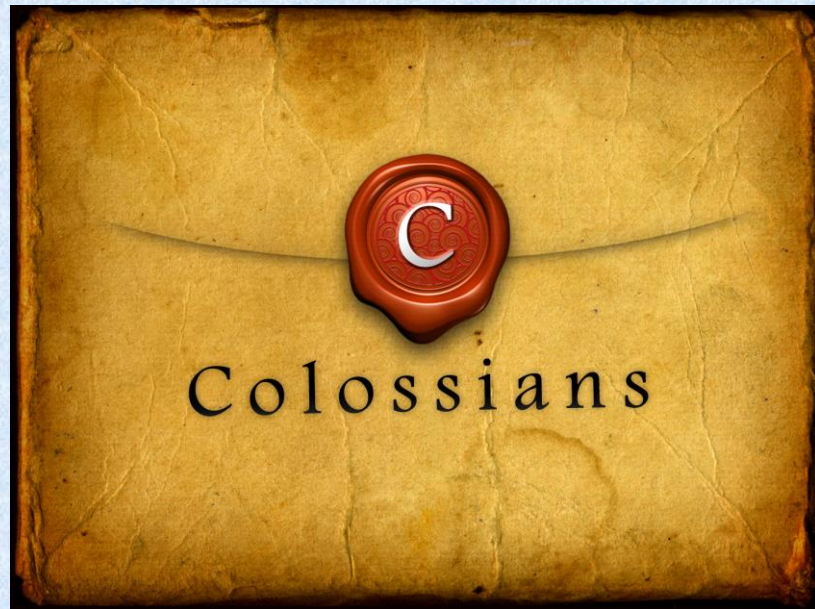
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Col. 1:10 -> Gen 1:28 theme



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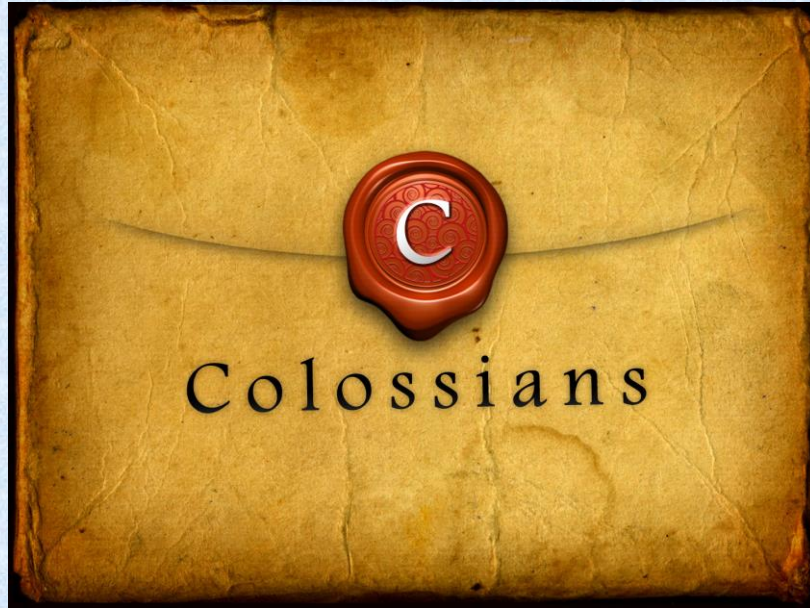
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Messianic age (Is 27:6)

# Colossian Letter

Col. 1:9-10 -> echoes Isa. 11:2,9



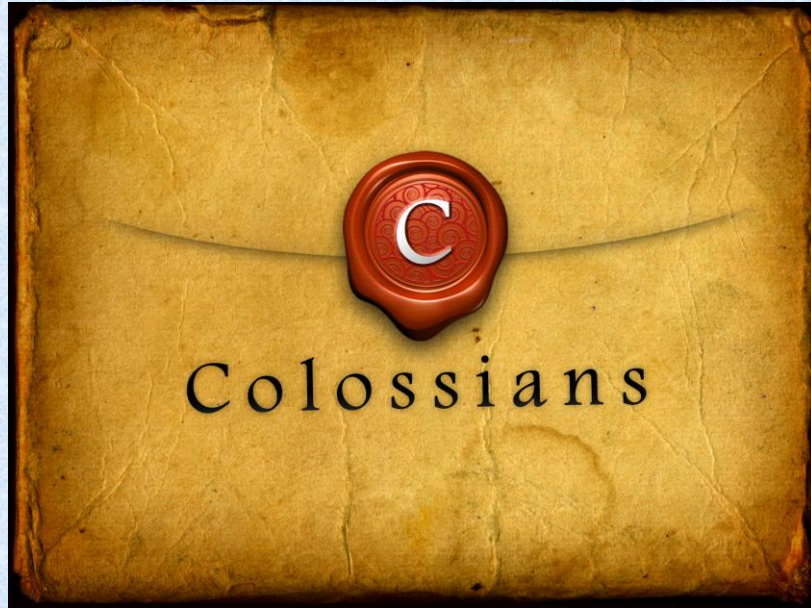
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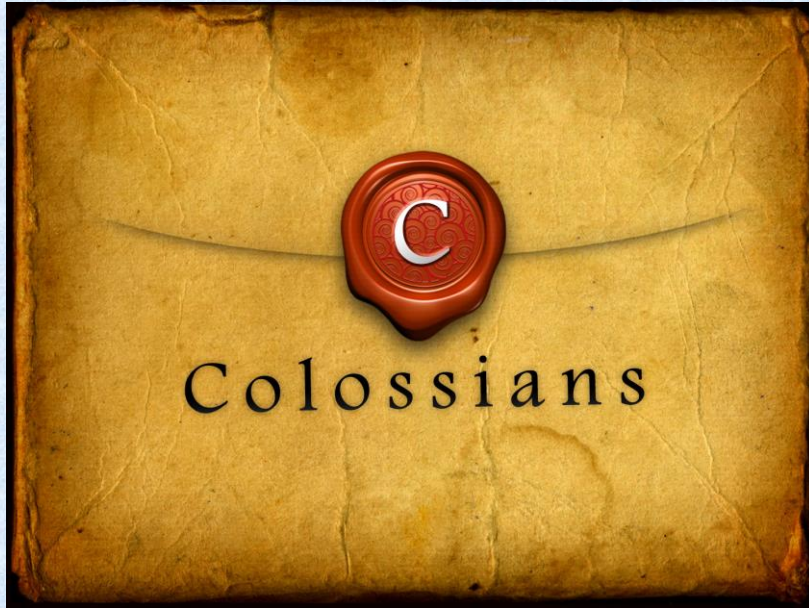


# Colossian Letter

Col. 1:9-14 -> Uses the Exodus  
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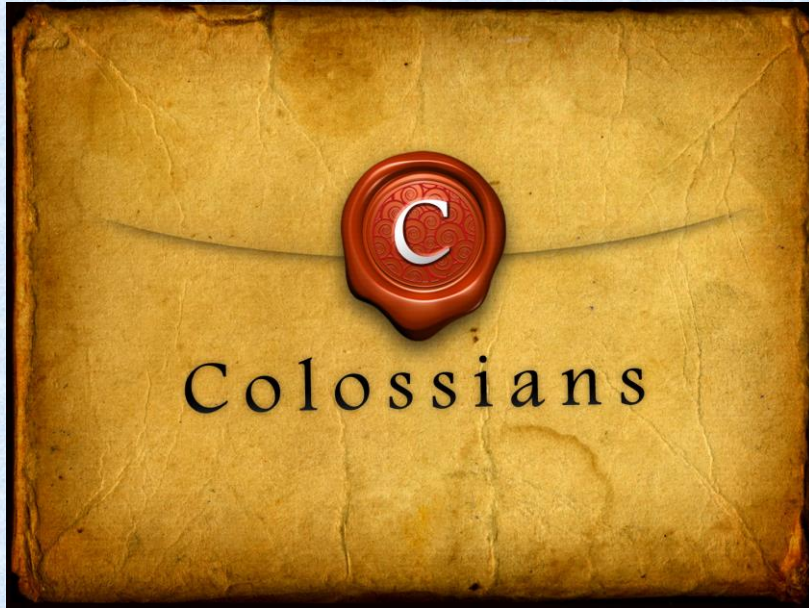


# Points for Home:



Paul's method of  
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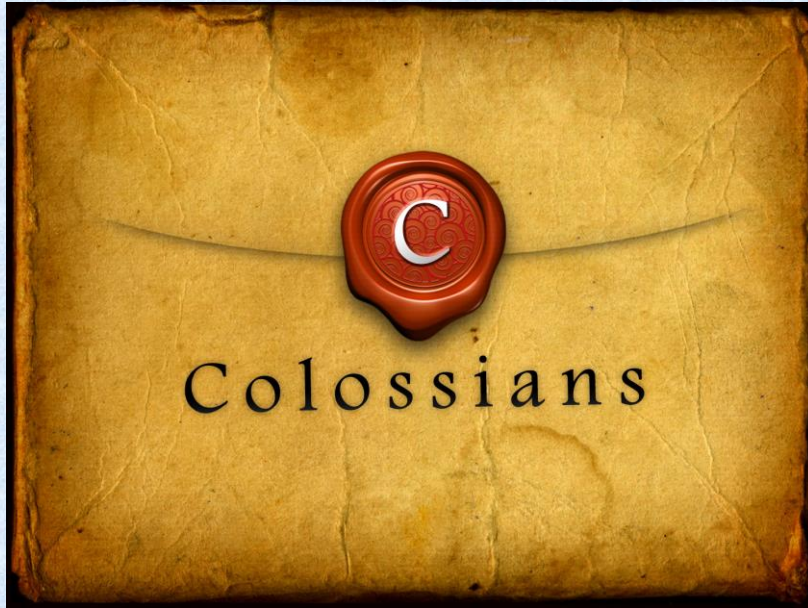
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